

**INTERACTION OF TARGET DEBRIS  
WITH LIQUID-FILM-PROTECTED FIRST  
WALLS**

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# Modeled Phenomena

## (HEIGHTS Package)

- X-ray (& reflected light) deposition in liquid film & underlying structure
- Thermal response and Evaporation of protective film
- Hydrodynamic-blowoff (transport) of vapor within the cavity
- Ion transport and energy deposition in ablated vapor, liquid film, and underlying structure
- Thermal and hydrodynamic response of vapor cloud and protective film to direct ion energy deposition
- Reradiation from vapor cloud
- Thermal and mechanical response of underlying structure to x-ray deposition, direct ion deposition, and radiation flux from vapor cloud.

# OBJECTIVES

- **Develop an internally consistent, mechanistic model to determine the thermal-mechanical response of liquid-film-protected first walls to target debris.**
- **Parametric-study of key phenomena**
- **Define an operating window for reactor design**

## **PROBLEM DEFINITION**

- **First wall (porous or solid) covered with a thin liquid film of specified materials**
- **Specified cavity dimensions (chamber radius)**
- **Specified target yield & spectra (and reflected laser light, if any)**
- **Specified initial cavity condition (vacuum or pre-filled gas & vapor)**

# X-Rays Deposition in Liquid-Film and Solid-Wall

## Assumptions:

- Specified spectrum and energy density
  - Blackbody (0.1 keV and 1.0 keV) or given data
  - 10 ns pulse duration
  - 1-5 J/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Specified wall material, thickness, and porosity
  - 1 cm thick solid graphite wall
- Specified film material, thickness, and initial temperature
  - 1 mm Li or Pb
  - Li temp of 500 K and Pb temp of 700 K
- Specified chamber cavity radius
  - 6.5 m radius

# Self-Consistent Kinetic Model

- **Optical properties are calculated for actual gas/vapor-plasma-debris conditions.**
- **During each time step, quantities such as density, temperature, and spectral radiation flux are used to calculate absorption and emission coefficients.**
- **This is achieved by solving the kinetic equations for ion concentration and for level populations of each charge state.**
- **Calculation of emission and absorption coefficients includes the three kinds of radiation:**
  - **Bremsstrahlung radiation**
  - **Recombination radiation**
  - **Line radiation.**

## Atomic Physics Package

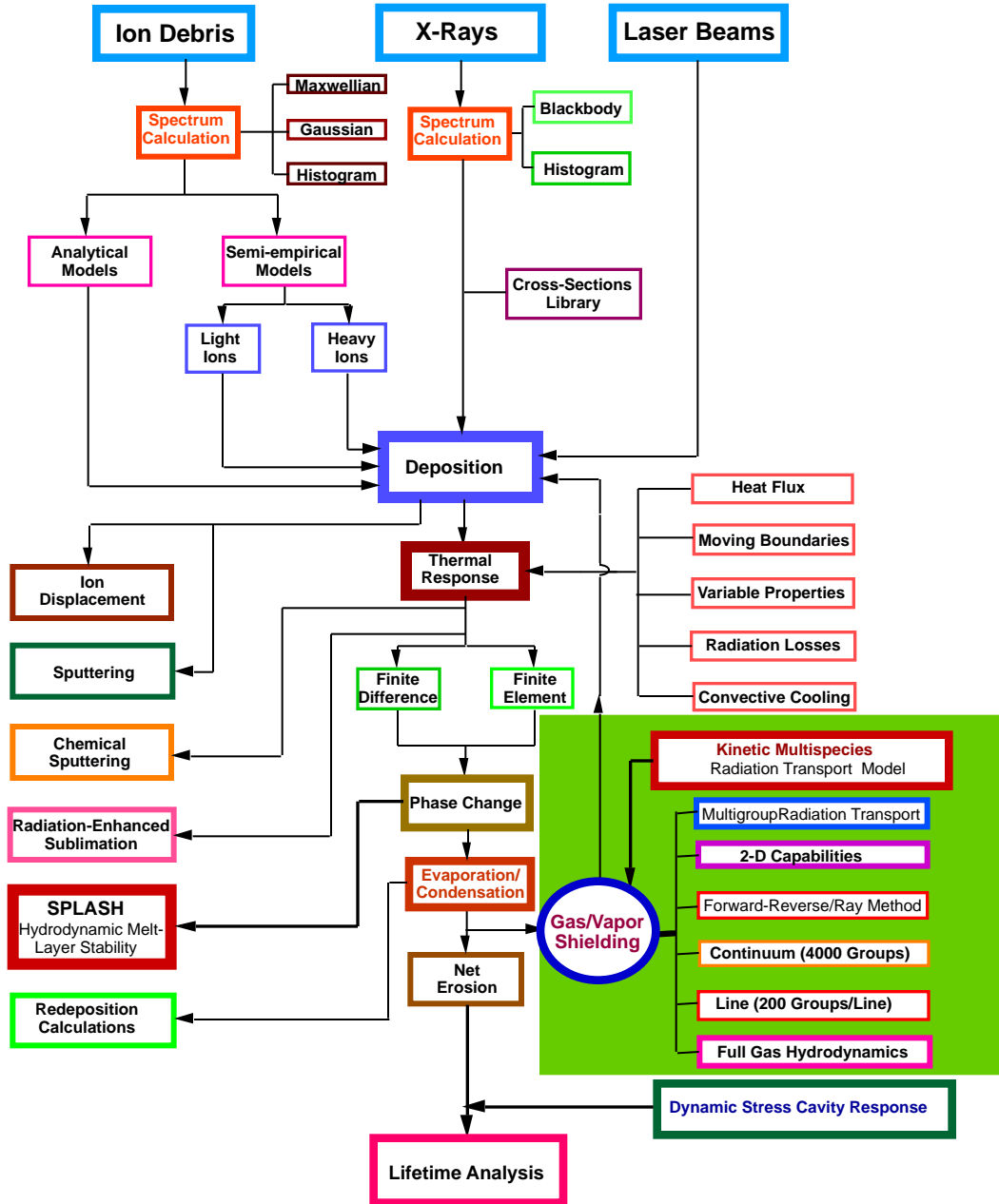
- Atomic database implemented in the *SUPERATOM package* is used in these calculations.
- Some of the data includes:
  - Ionization potentials
  - Energy levels
  - Statistical weights
  - Quantum levels
  - Degeneracy levels
  - Oscillator force
  - Line transition probabilities
  - Ionization cross sections

# Photon Radiation & Transport Model

- **Non-LTE Radiation Transport Model**
- **Both Continuum and Line Radiation are Included**
- **Up to 4000 Photon Energy Group for the Continuum Spectrum**
- **Up to 100 Separate Lines can be used for the Low-Z Materials and several 100's for Higher-Z Materials**
- **Each Single Line is treated as a Continuum Spectrum (Mini multi-group up to 200 groups/line)**
- **Doppler and Stark Broadening of Line Radiation**
- **Numerical Methods**
  - **Forward/Reverse for 1-1.5D model**
  - **Ray Tracing Techniques for 2-3D model**



# HEIGHTS-IFE Package

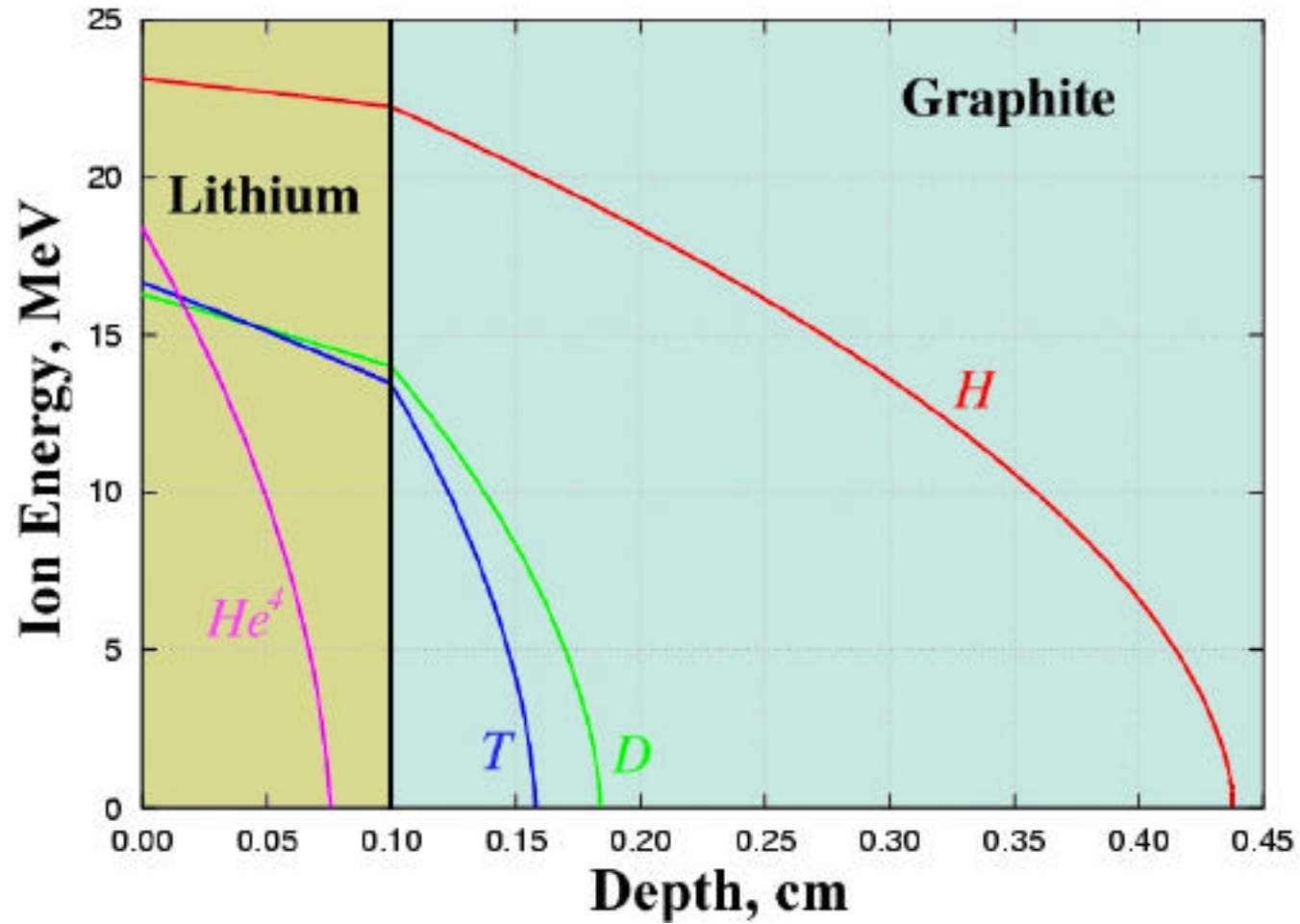


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# HEIGHTS CALCULATION OF FAST ION RANGES

## Fast Ions - Direct Target

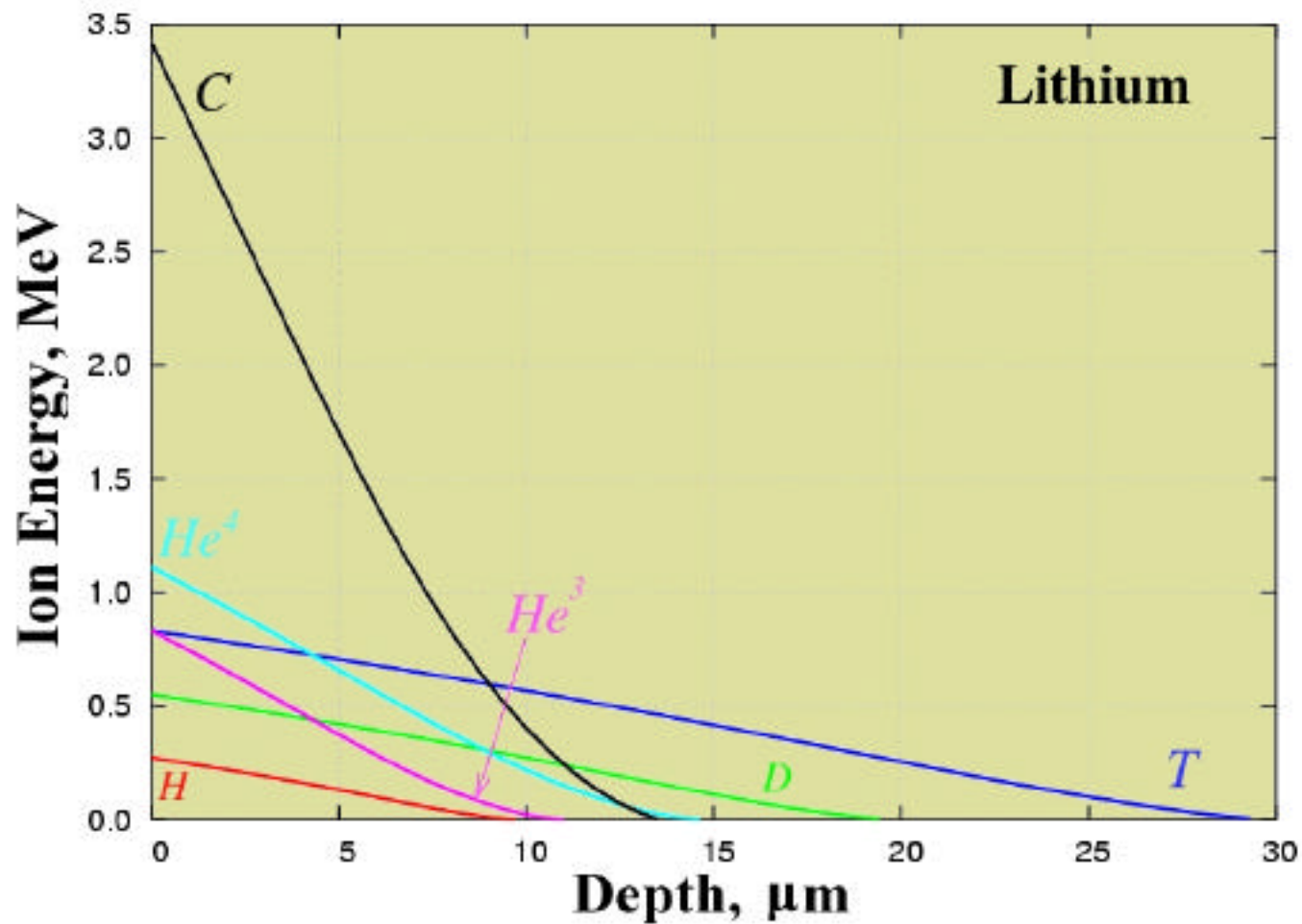
Li-Graphite Wall



# HEIGHTS CALCULATION OF DEBRIS ION RANGES

## Debris Ions - Direct Target

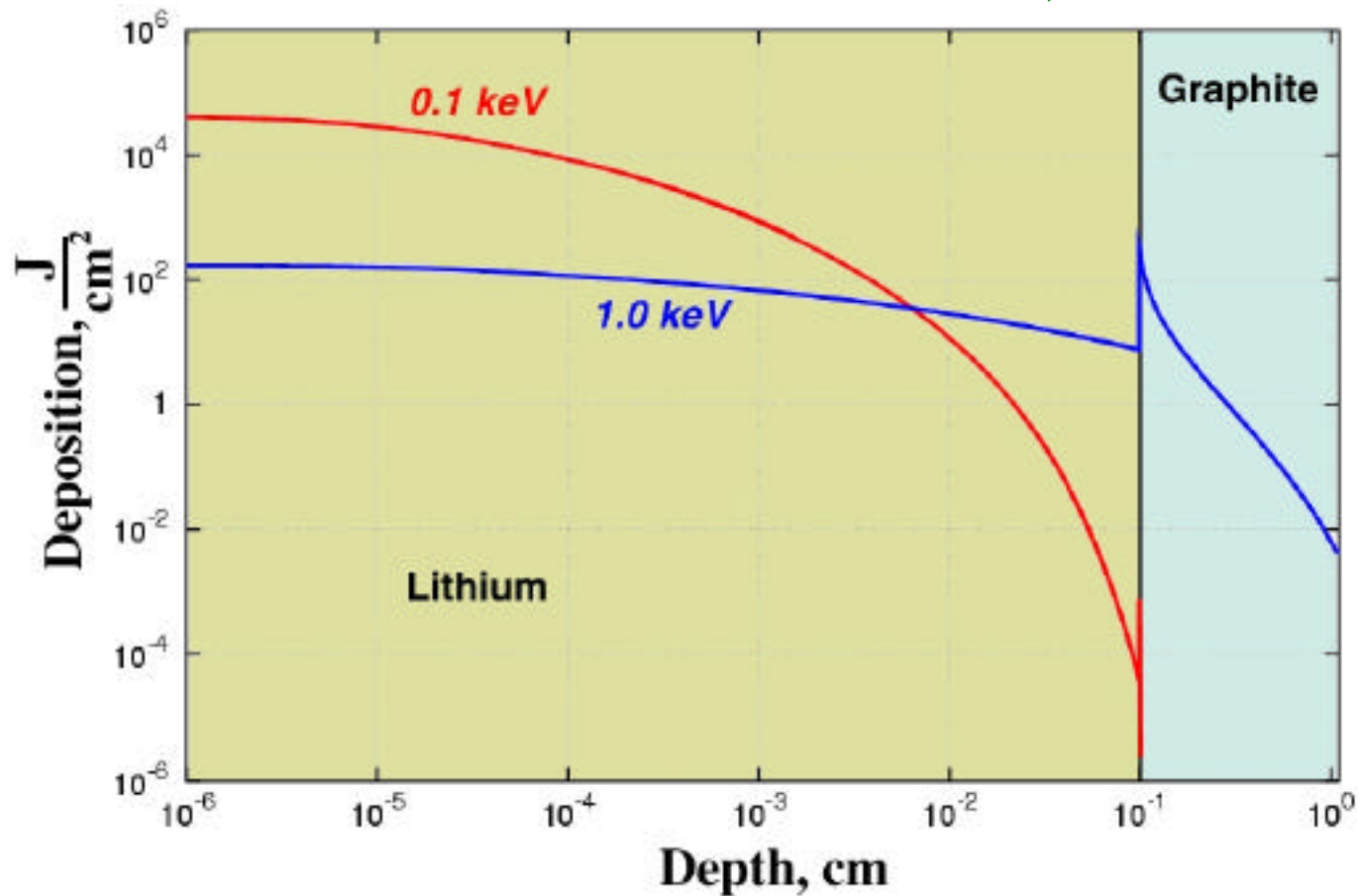
Li-Graphite Wall



# HEIGHTS CALCULATION OF X-RAY DEPOSITION

1 mm Lithium / 1 cm Graphite

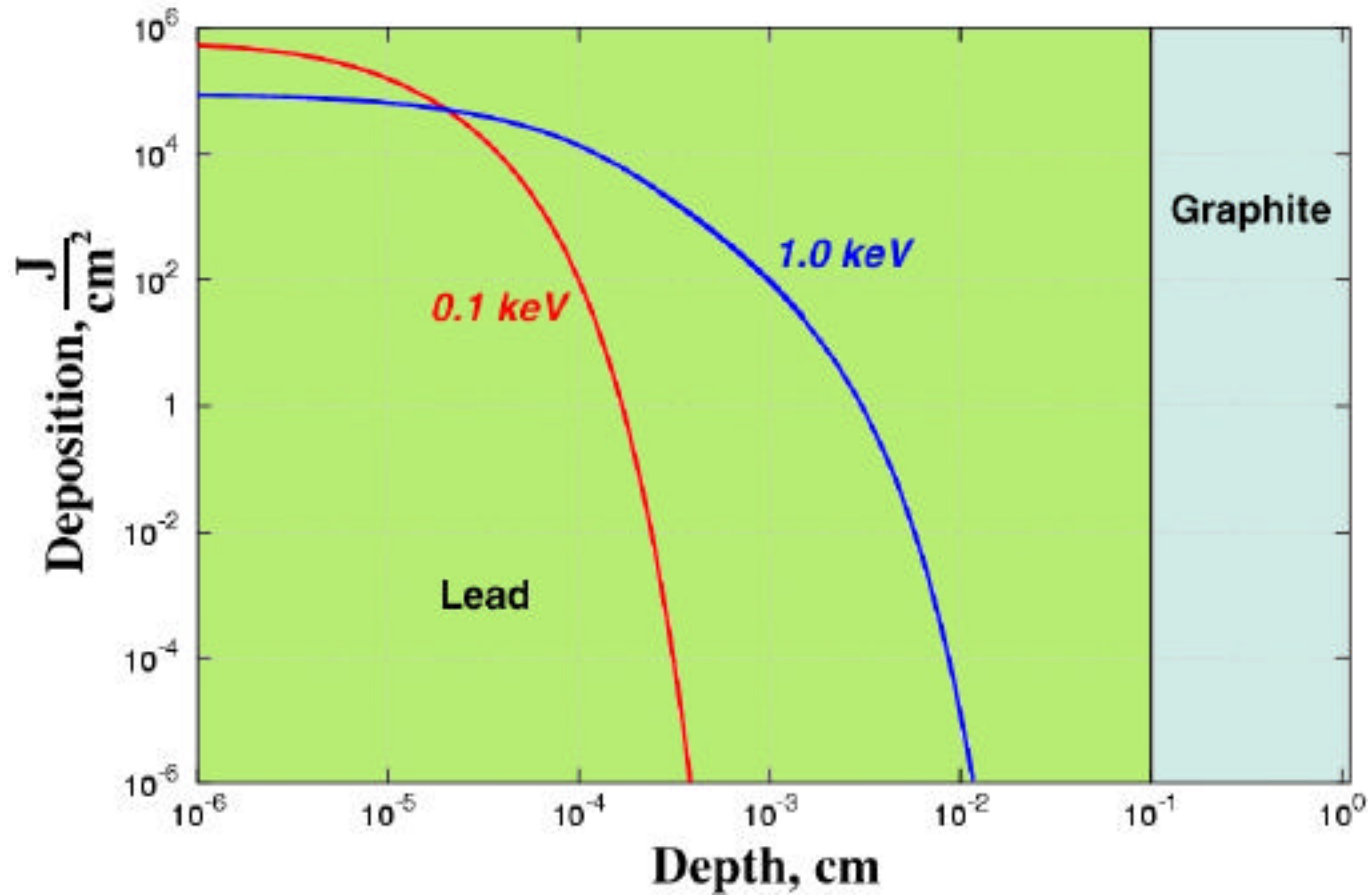
5 J/cm<sup>2</sup>, 6.5 m Radius



# HEIGHTS CALCULATION OF X-RAY DEPOSITION

1 mm Lead / 1 cm Graphite

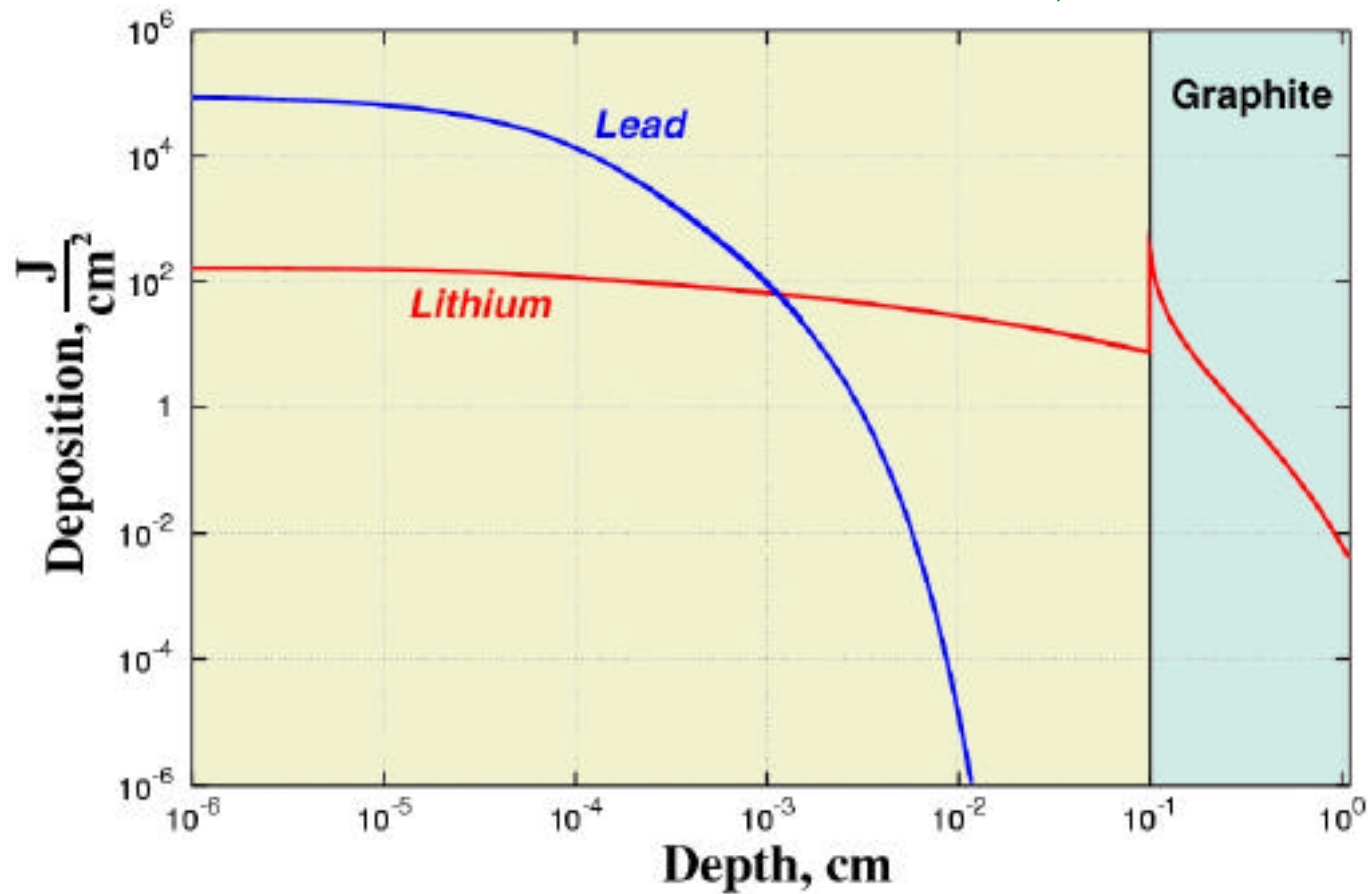
5 J/cm<sup>2</sup>, 6.5 m Radius



# HEIGHTS CALCULATION OF X-RAY DEPOSITION

## 1.0 keV Blackbody X-Ray

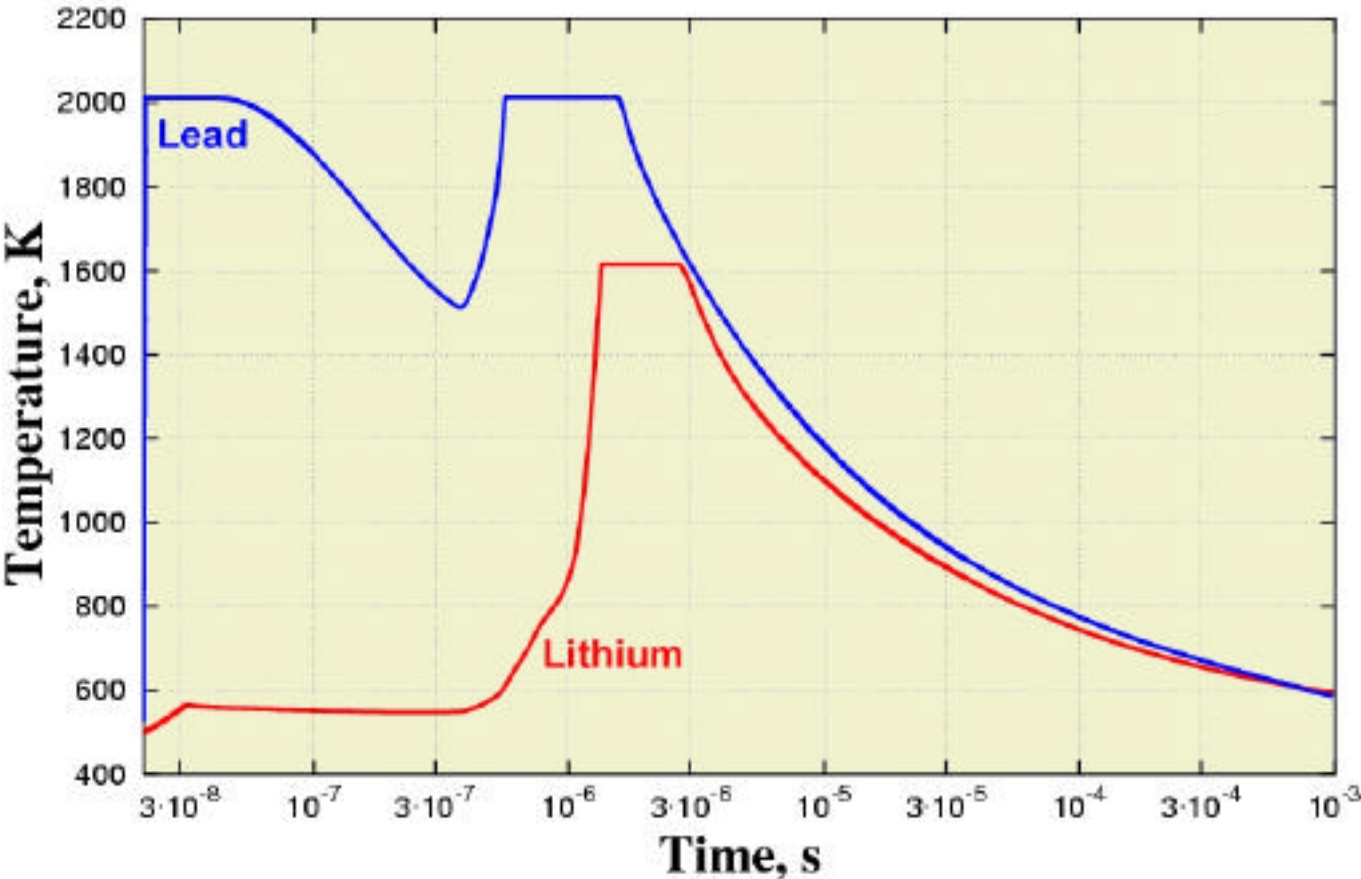
5 J/cm<sup>2</sup>, 6.5 m Radius



# HEIGHTS CALCULATION OF SURFACE TEMPERATURE

## 1.0 keV Blackbody X-Ray

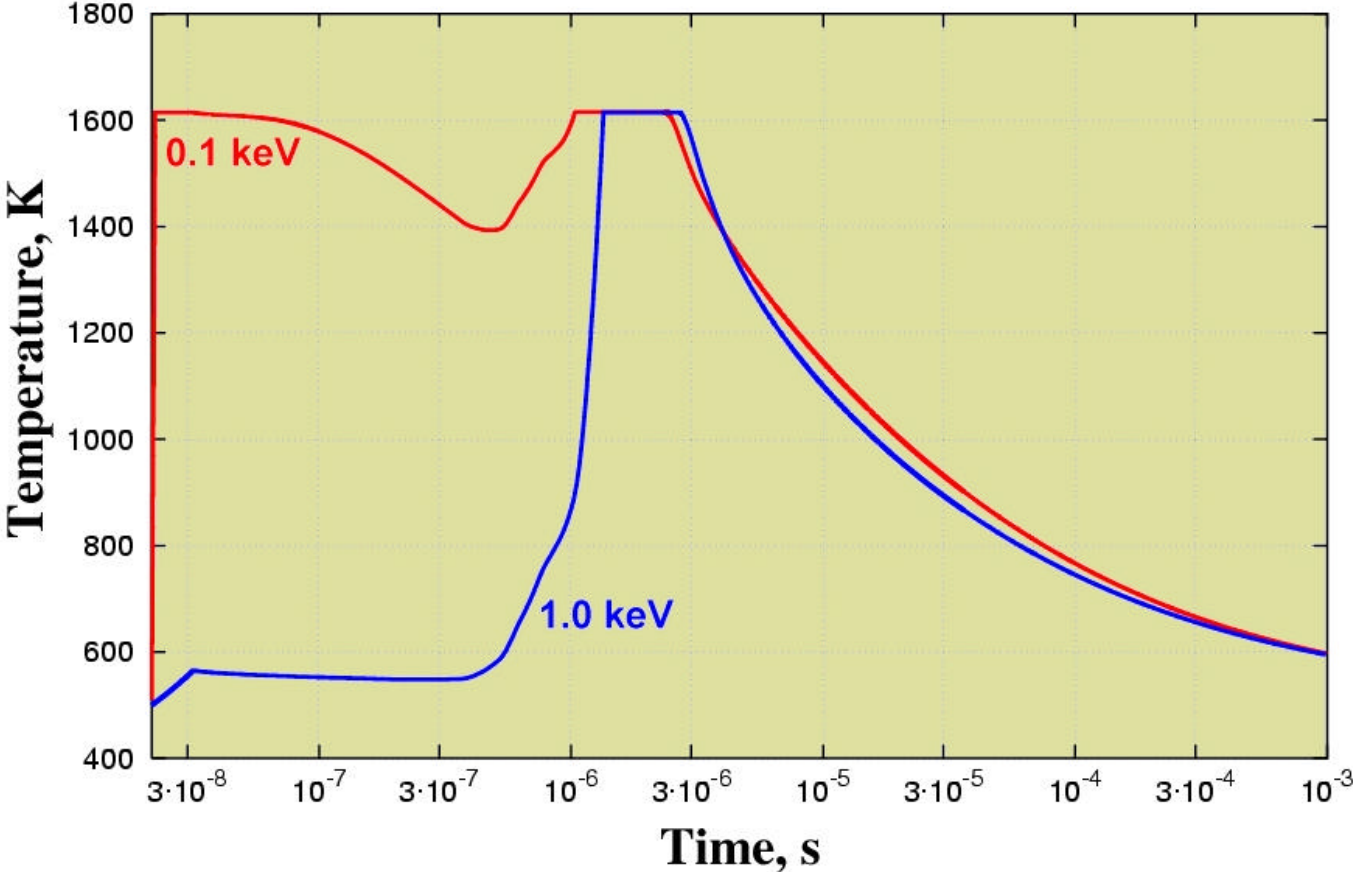
5 J/cm<sup>2</sup>, 6.5 m Radius



# HEIGHTS CALCULATION OF SURFACE TEMPERATURE

1 mm Lithium / 1 cm Graphite

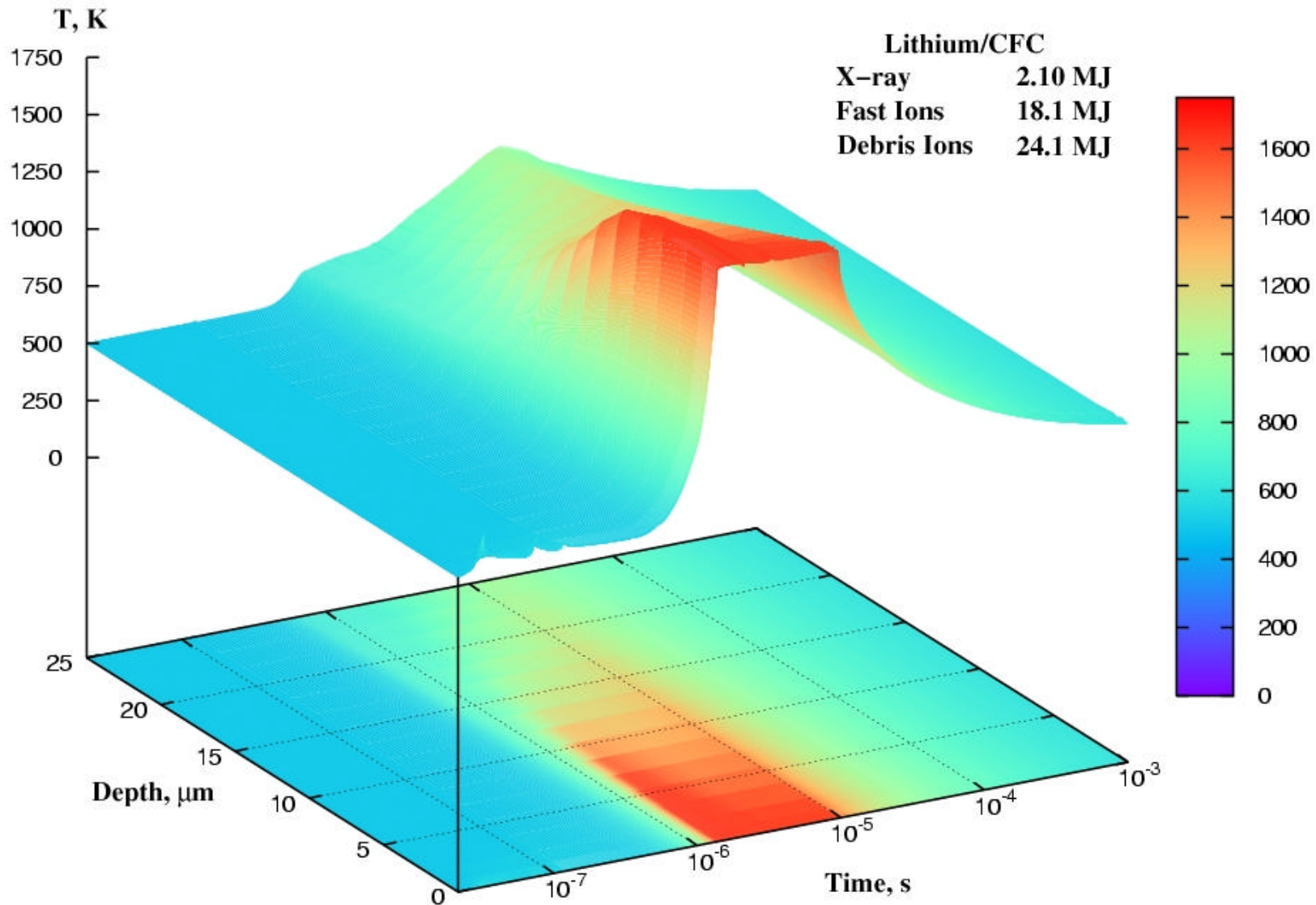
5 J/cm<sup>2</sup>, 6.5 m Radius



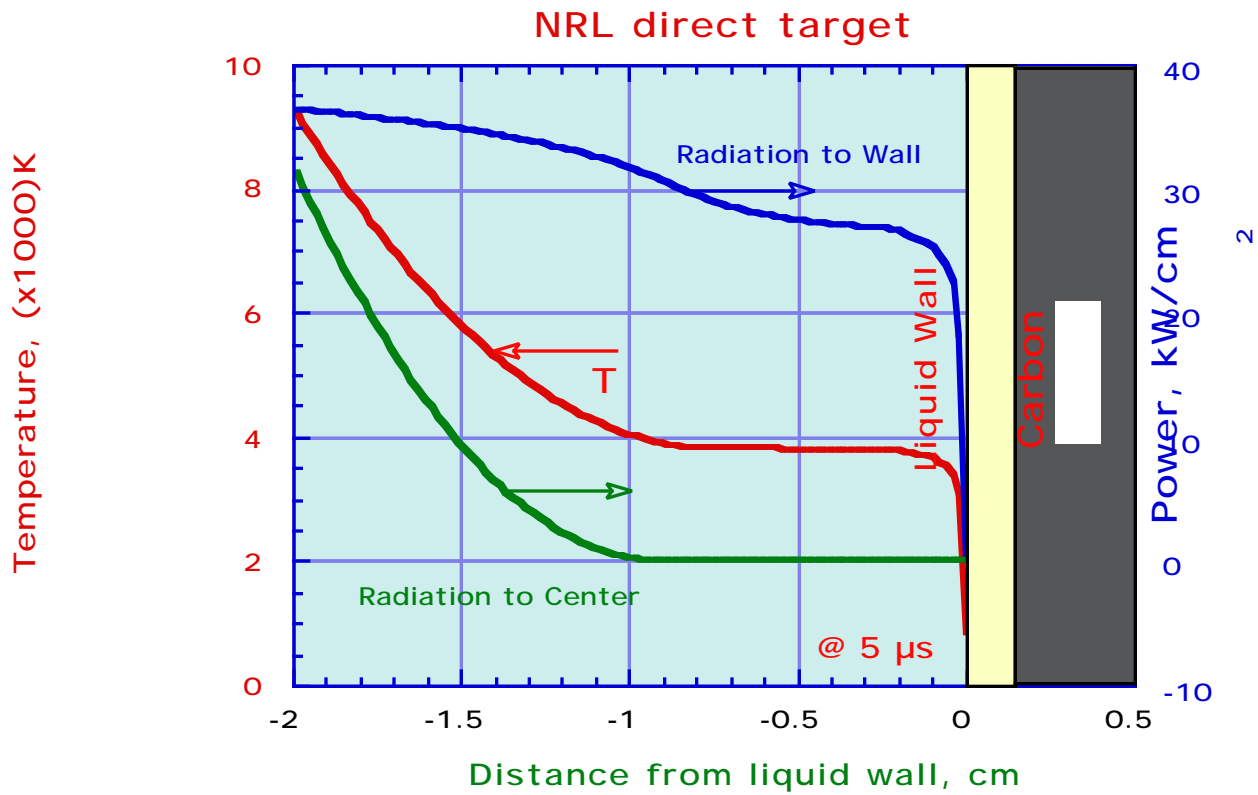


# HEIGHTS SIMULATION OF NRL DIRECT TARGET

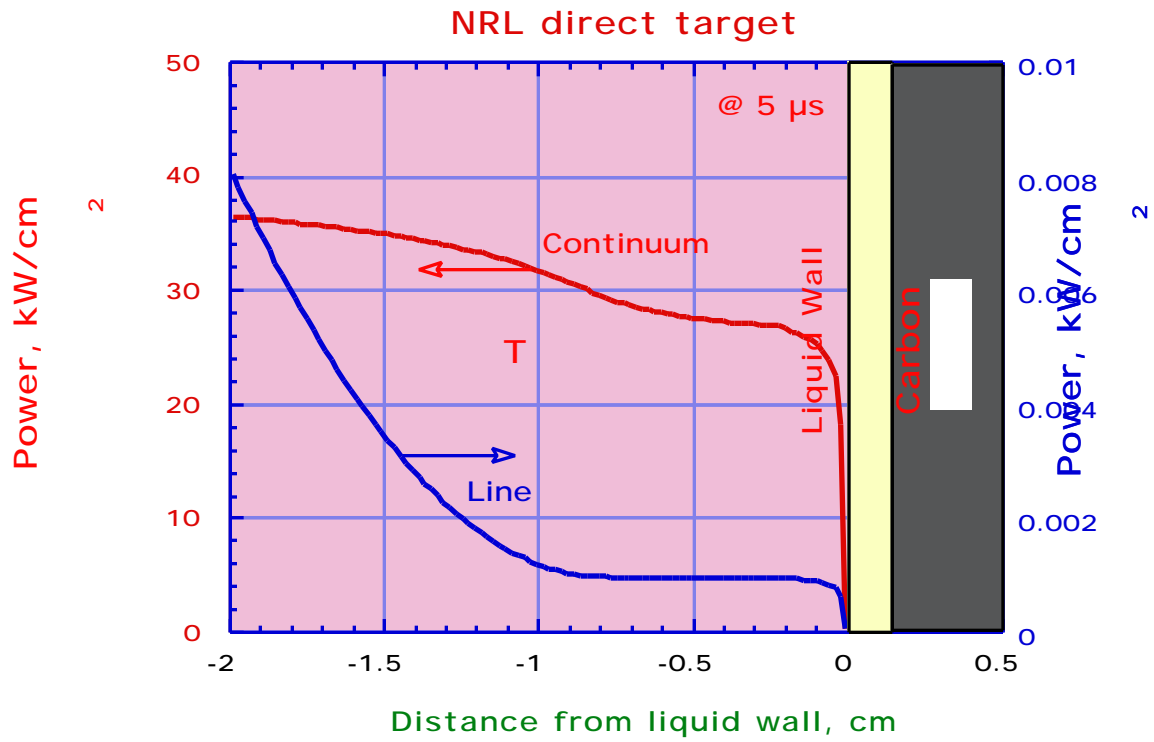
Temperature rise due to laser, X-ray, and ion depositions



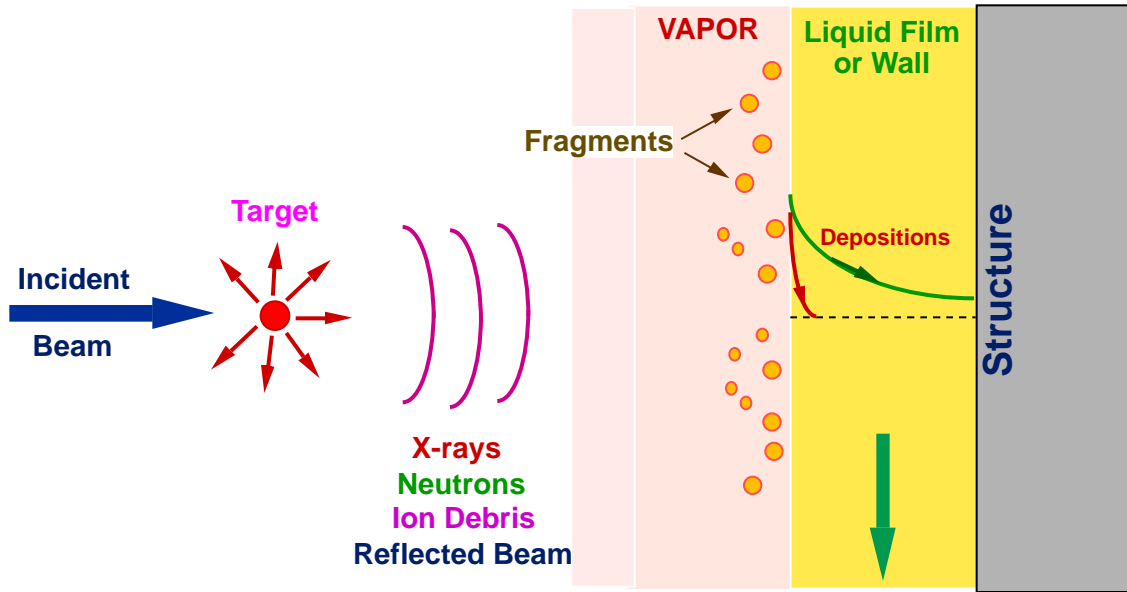
# HEIGHTS Analysis of Vapor Evolution Dynamics and Radiation Power to Liquid Surface



# HEIGHTS Analysis of Vapor Expansion and Continuum/Line Radiation Power to Liquid Surface



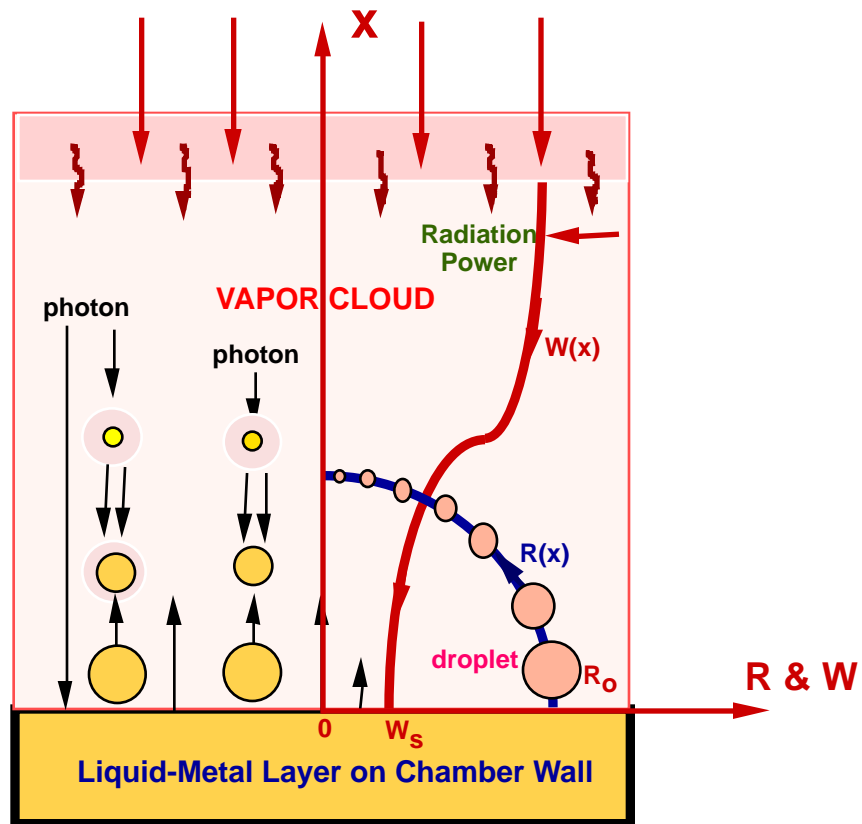
# MODELING IFE CAVITY RESPONSE in HEIGHTS



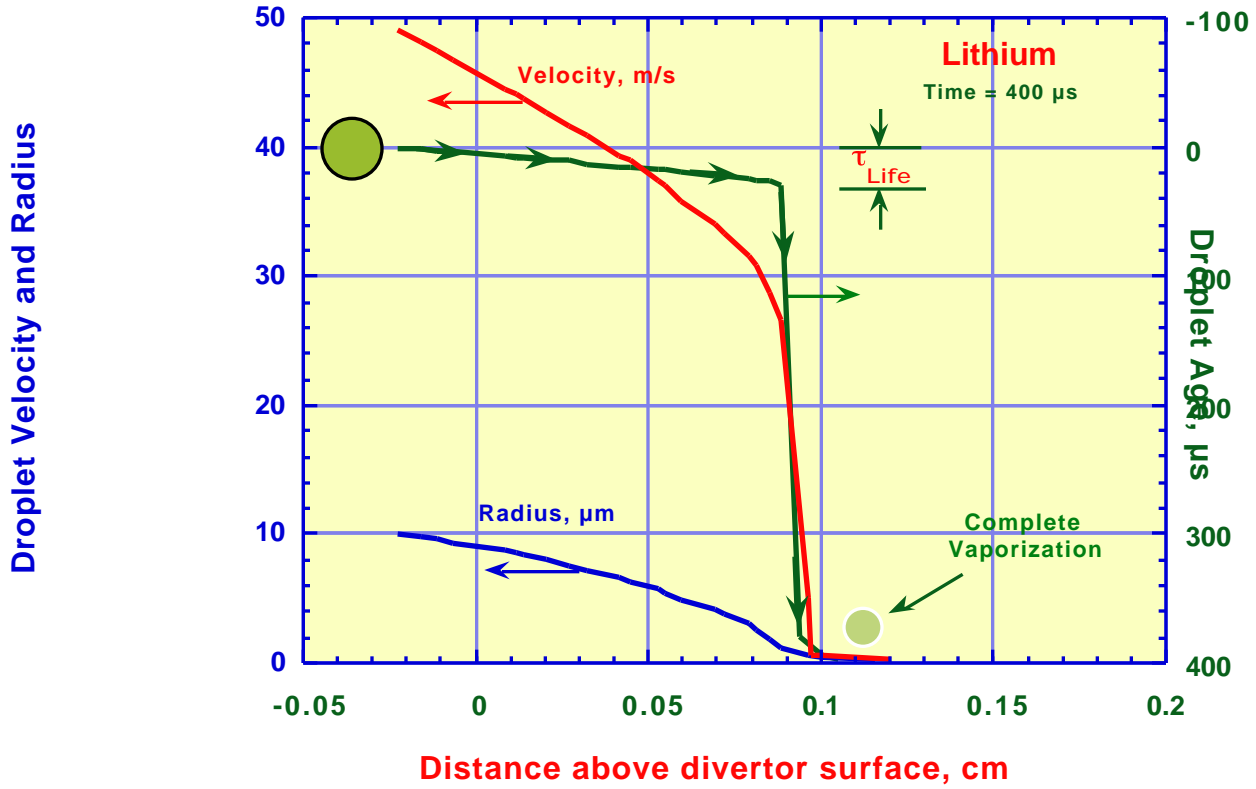
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# Macroscopic Debris Interaction with Vapor Plasma

## INCIDENT DEBRIS



# HEIGHTS Analysis of Spatial Dependence of Lithium Droplet Velocity and Radius



# **CONCLUSIONS**

**HEIGHTS Calculation Package Provide the Means to Mechanistically Evaluate Effectiveness of Thin Liquid Film or Thick Liquid Wall protection schemes Through an Integrated, Self Consistent Analysis of Coupled Physical Phenomena**